THE NEED FOR SEED – SUBTLE CHANGES

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December 2017
“The ‘need for seed’ improves agricultural yield, but requires more than just improved technologies”

To ensure food security, farmers must have access to quality seed, in adequate quantities. The Government of Ethiopia acknowledges this, and has responded by investing in improving the seed sector. However, as this example shows, not all challenges can be overcome by technical training and new technologies alone. A large seed cooperative union was faced with a problem that affected its very existence. And the solution was not technical. CDAIS became engaged, and now they are making concrete steps towards resolving the issue – which will have much broader knock-on benefits for all farmers in the region.

“The problem is clear,” said Tessema Alemayehu, Head of the Farmer Seed Multiplication and Marketing Cooperative Union (EDGET). “The government’s regional quota system means that we have to reserve lots of seed for certain buyers. But not all of those buyers are legally obliged to buy, and if they don’t, we lose!” In 2012, some 600 tonnes of seed were left unsold, resulting in a loss to EDGET of 2.4 million Ethiopian Birr (US$88,000). “That was the worst year, though even two years ago we still lost 500,000 Birr (US$18,350) through unsold seed. This is not sustainable. But since CDAIS became involved, we came to see the problem much more clearly.” Tessema continued, “then at the coaching-plan workshop we saw what was needed, and at the validation workshop we agreed how key players would support us by lobbying Ministry of Agriculture officials.”

“Thanks to CDAIS, we are now moving quickly towards resolving our problems.”
Tessema Alemayehu, Head of the EDGET seed cooperative union

The rise of seed cooperative unions

The Ethiopian Government gives high priority to increasing crop production as a means of improving food security and rural livelihoods. As one example, the Growth and Transformation Plan aims to improve smallholder productivity by scaling up dissemination of agricultural technologies. But, despite so much effort, performance has been below expectations because issues of access to markets, information and technologies have prevented farmers from seizing emerging opportunities, making it difficult for smallholder farmers and traders to take advantage.

Crop production is one of the mainstays of the rural population in Ethiopia, especially in the Southern Nations, Nationalities and Peoples Region, and adequate quantities of high-quality seed is crucial.
19 primary co-ops and 1186 members, employing 13 staff with a control committee and board of directors, working in six woredas (districts) – Lanfuro, Silti, Sankura, Sodo, Mareko and Meskan. Buoyed by this success, the region is now establishing more cooperative-based seed producers, such as Zereta Kambata and Halaba Holoresenka.

**CDAIS inspiring change**

CDAIS is a global partnership that promotes capacity development for agricultural innovation, to make agricultural innovation systems more efficient and sustainable in meeting the demands of farmers, small agribusinesses and consumers. Since 2015, CDAIS has been supporting five partnerships in Ethiopia, one of which is community seed production and marketing, led by the EDGET cooperative union. Work here began with a capacity needs assessment workshop in March 2017, when the national legal regulation that limits seed marketing based on the enforcement of a regional quota system was identified as a key problem.

Beside the impacts on hindering the ability of all seed unions to achieve their goals, it has knock-on effects that prevent the government reaching its own targets. Those in the community seed partnership asked CDAIS to help organise more discussions with higher authorities in the Regional Bureau of Agriculture and Natural Resources, the Cooperative Promotion Office, the Southern Agricultural

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1000 tonnes of high-quality seed to farmers every year, making a huge contribution to increasing food production.

Improved seed is an integral part of increasing crop productivity. And, although public seed enterprises have played a key role, farmers’ seed demand is not yet met. In response to this, the Southern Regional Bureau of Agriculture and Natural Resources decided to set up seed producer cooperatives, championed by the non-governmental organisation (NGO) Self Help Africa, and EDGET was the first in the region.

Established in 2009 by 12 seed-producing cooperatives with a total of 777 individual members, EDGET started with a capital of only 120,000 Birr (US$4400). Today, it has 1000 tonnes of high-quality seed to farmers every year, making a huge contribution to increasing food production.
Coaching plans

The CDAIS coaching-plan process facilitates the building of functional capacities among actors in any given innovation partnership. For the community seed partnership, a coaching plan was developed in July 2017 by those involved in a workshop in Addis Ababa, specifying priority objectives, key activities needed to achieve them, indicators and actors of change. The coaching plan was then validated at a second workshop in Butajira in November, to confirm what was prepared in July and to update participants on objectives and progress made so far. The CDAIS facilitator Tegegne Wakoya presented the main coaching-plan issues before stakeholders deliberated, then made adjustments, and suggested activities that needed to be added including the lobbying of key decision makers ahead of a regional stakeholder workshop on seed markets, and preparing a policy paper. The validation workshop was concluded with participants showing their commitment to sharing roles in key activities.

CDAIS Monitoring and Evaluation Expert Elias Zerfu animating the coaching-plan validation workshop. A great step forward was the offer made by several influential stakeholders to lobby the Ministry of Agriculture on behalf of the seed cooperative.

Research Institute, and the Regional Seed Quality Control Agency, and to assist the union in lobbying decision makers for a change in seed-marketing regulations.

EDGET’s vision is to contribute up to 70% of regional seed demand in the next five years, formulated into the coaching plan. Desta Daniso of the Southern Regional Cooperative Promotion office summed up the issues, and how CDAIS was approaching them: “Cooperatives are trying to increase the capacity of farmers to produce quality seed, to increase output, to increase yield. But there is a problem because they can’t always sell the seed, and that is an issue that technical approaches won’t solve. CDAIS is offering an innovative way to address the issue.”

“CDAIS is focusing on how to organise seed-marketing actors and how to get them to talk to each other, which is changing the situation more than any increase in technical skills.”

Agdew Bekele Southern Agricultural Research Institute

Onwards and upwards

“This problem of seed distribution is not just an issue for this cooperative union – we need to resolve it at the regional level,” said Fate Sirmollo. Working for the regional Agriculture Input Quality Control Authority, she added, “as such, I appreciated this meeting very much as it took us another step closer. When we have achieved the change we want, all seed unions and many more farmers will have access to more and better seed, which will help us to reach our goals of improving agricultural output and food security.” The next step is to prepare a draft policy document and to begin to lobby ministry officials. And Tessema Alemayehu was very happy about this: “I am enthusiastic about learning how to lobby, and this is helping us a lot. And I am convinced that, through CDAIS, this is a very appropriate way to address many of the problems that we are facing, and that are not solved by providing technical support, finance or new buildings.”
Community-based seed production and marketing is one of five innovation partnerships in Ethiopia being developed as part of the CDAIS project. For more information, visit https://cdais.net/home/pilots-countries/ethiopia. CDAIS is implemented in Ethiopia by Agrinatura (represented by ICRA), FAO Ethiopia and the Ethiopian Institute of Agricultural Research (EIAR), along with other partners for other partnerships.

Since this story was published in December 2017, the capital of the EDGET seed cooperative union has increased from 17 to 21 million Birr (US$761,000). It now also satisfies demand for early generation seed through supply from its members, rather than depending on seed from research institutes, having more than doubled production from 70 to 160 tonnes. Production of certified seed has also increased by 50% from 800 to 1200 tonnes, with all being sold and none remaining, thanks to new contacts made through CDAIS that helped by become seed-selling agents.

The CDAIS ‘marketplace’ event in May 2018 provided new links leading to new benefits. Four organisations appreciated the innovative idea of the partnership and promised to support in different ways. The Maize and Wheat Improvement Center (CIMMYT) and the International Livestock Research Institute (ILRI) offered support for crop and forage seed production, respectively, the NGO Self Help Africa helped with a funds to solve the problem of early generation seed, and the Integrated Seed Sector Development (ISSD) provided a US$7000 row-planter machine. CDAIS does not provide machines, as we see here, it enables people and organisations to build the skills to obtain them in other ways. And it is building partnerships and skills that are leading to change more than any increase in technical capacity alone.

"CDAIS doesn’t buy machines or offer credit. But it provides something more, something different that other projects don’t: it builds capacity in soft skills."

Tessema Alemayehu Head of the EDGET seed cooperative union

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Community based seed marketing

**Location:** Southern Nations, Nationalities, and Peoples’ Region, Gurage zone, Butajira

**Aim:** Increasing dialogue with regional policy makers; drafting new directives for improved and unrestricted seed marketing systems and their passing into law

**Facilitator:** Tegegne Wakoya